

# Interaction of an I $\kappa$ B $\alpha$ peptide with 14-3-3

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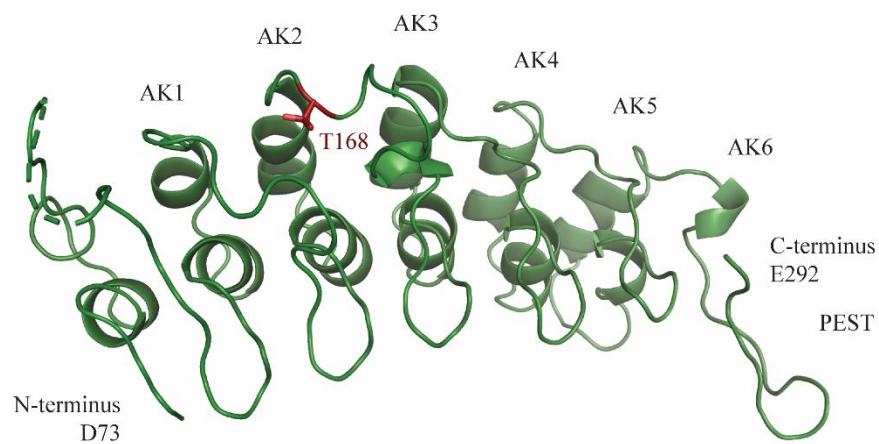
## Supporting Information

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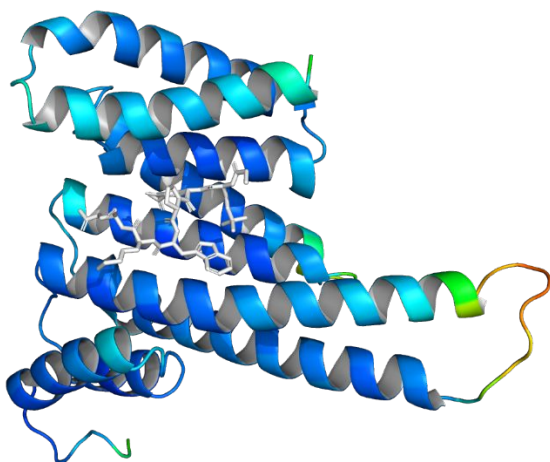
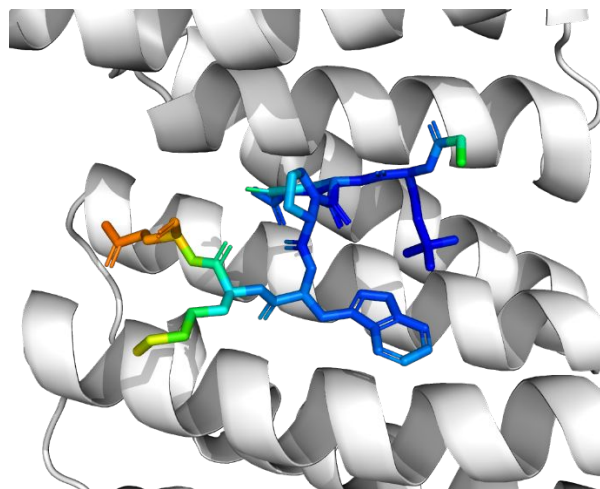
**SI Table 1: Results of the 14-3-3pred webserver for I $\kappa$ B $\alpha$  (uniprot ID: P25963).** Shown are the phosphorylated residue (site), the sequence of I $\kappa$ B $\alpha$  from position -6 to +4 of the WT sequence around the phosphorylated residue (peptide), the scores for three different methods to estimate the likeliness of an 14-3-3 binding motif (ANN, PSSM, SVM) and the overall score (consensus) based on a combination of the three scores named before. Finally, an indication is given if information about the phosphorylation status of the predicted phospho-site are available. These results were downloaded on the 30.01.2019.

Site	Peptide_ <sub>[-6:4]</sub>	ANN	PSSM	SVM	Consensus	pSer/Thr
32	LDDRHDsGLDS	0.35	0.63	-0.324	0.219	Yes
36	HDSGLDsMKDE	0.078	-0.128	-1.268	-0.44	Yes
63	QEVPRGsEPWK	0.499	0.48	-0.112	0.289	-
71	PWKQQLtEDGD	0.325	0.11	-0.251	0.061	-
76	LTEDGDsFLHL	0.097	-0.198	-1.178	-0.426	-
90	HEEKALtMEVI	0.342	0.256	-0.384	0.071	-
113	QNNLQQtPLHL	0.023	-0.5	-1.848	-0.775	-
121	LHLAVItNQPE	0.134	-0.225	-1.259	-0.45	-
146	RDFRGntPLHL	0.18	0.451	-0.591	0.013	-
159	EQGCLAsVGVL	0.17	0.027	-0.81	-0.204	-
164	ASVGVLtQSCT	0.046	-0.316	-1.79	-0.687	-
166	VGVLtQsCTTP	0.1	-0.079	-1.136	-0.372	-
168	VLTQSCtPHL	0.842	0.742	0.837	0.807	-
169	LTQSCtPHLH	0.108	-0.414	-1.365	-0.557	-
174	TTPHLHsILKA	0.063	-0.217	-1.46	-0.538	-
179	HSILKAtNYNG	0.133	-0.02	-1.256	-0.381	-
185	TNYNGHtCLHL	0.054	-0.073	-1.092	-0.37	-
191	TCLHLAsIHGY	0.243	-0.085	-0.872	-0.238	-
204	IVELLVsLGAD	0.645	0.155	0.206	0.335	-
219	EPCNGRtALHL	0.033	-0.185	-1.581	-0.578	-
234	QNPDLVsLLLK	0.153	-0.196	-1.015	-0.353	-
247	ADVNRVtYQGY	0.288	-0.055	-0.575	-0.114	-
252	VTYQGYsPYQL	0.066	-0.348	-1.086	-0.456	-
257	YSPYQLtWGRP	0.063	-0.183	-1.387	-0.502	-
262	LTWGRPsTRIQ	0.218	0.004	-0.784	-0.187	-
263	TWGRPsTRIQQ	0.195	0.511	-0.389	0.106	-
273	QQLGQLtLENL	0.1	0.033	-0.828	-0.232	-
283	LQMLPEsEDEE	0.15	-0.056	-0.779	-0.228	Yes
288	ESEDEEsYDTE	0.104	-0.284	-1.373	-0.517	Yes

291	DEESYDtESEF	0.15	-0.206	-1.323	-0.46	Yes
293	ESYDTEsEFTE	0.089	-0.104	-1.18	-0.398	Yes
296	DTESEFtEFTE	0.266	-0.119	-0.93	-0.261	-
299	SEFTEFtEDEL	0.235	0.057	-0.944	-0.217	Yes
316	FGGQRLtL---	0.421	0.366	-0.091	0.232	-



**SI Figure 1: Crystal structure of IκBα (green cartoon; PDB ID: 1IKN).** p65 and p50 are not shown for clarity. 219 out of 317 residues were visible in the electron density (D73 – E292) and structural features are indicated (AR: ankyrin repeat; PEST: proline, glutamate, serine and threonine rich sequence). Highlighted is the only predicted 14-3-3 binding site T168. (red sticks).

**A****B**

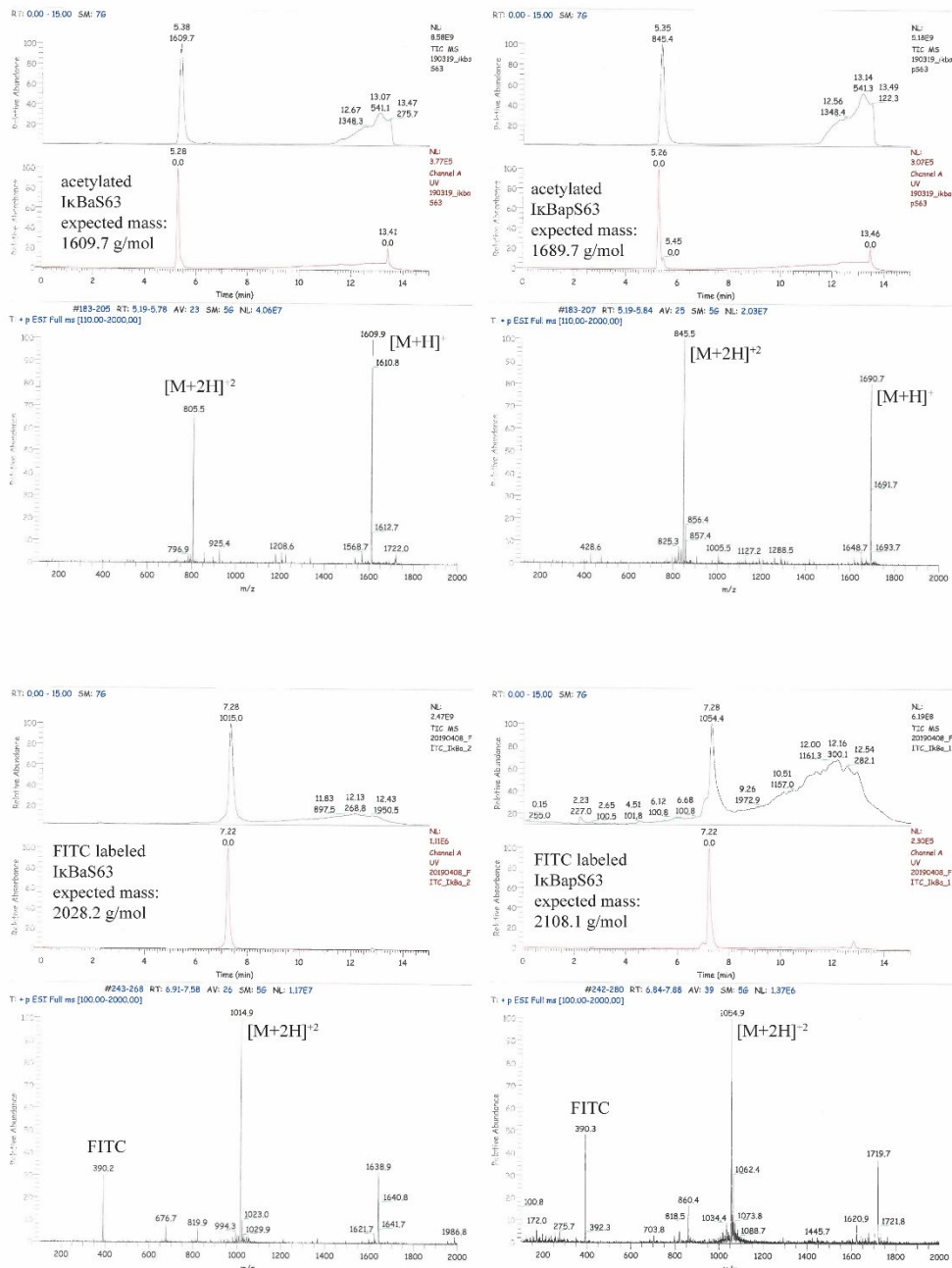
**SI Figure 2: B-factor coloring of 14-3-3σΔC and the IκBαpS63 peptide.** **A** The 14-3-3σΔC protein is represented as cartoon while the IκBαpS63 peptide is shown as white sticks. **B** The IκBαpS63 peptide is shown as sticks while the 14-3-3σΔC protein is shown as white cartoon. The B-factor coloring follows the rainbow color scheme with blue for low B-factors and red for high B-factors. The B-factors vary between 4.6 – 57.04 Å<sup>2</sup>.

**SI Table 2: Crystallographic statistics of the X-ray structure of the IκBαS63/14-3-36ΔC232-248 complex (PDB ID: 6Y1J).** Values in parentheses show statistics for the high resolution shell.

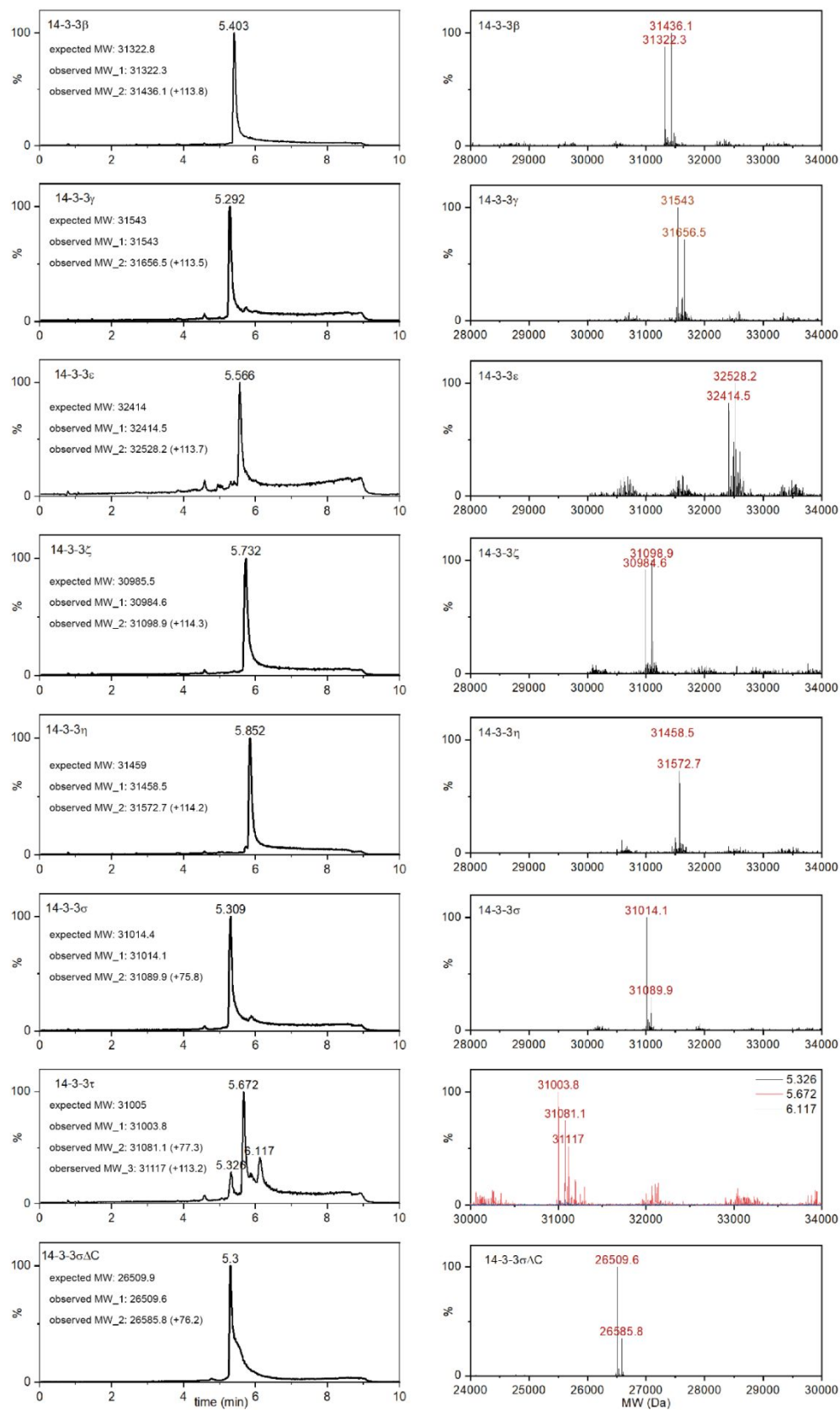
Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	phenix_table1
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	82.46Å 111.82Å 62.48Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	phenix_table1
Resolution (Å)	45.49 - 1.13 (1.17-1.13) 45.49 - 1.13	phenix_table1 EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (99.97) 100.0	phenix_table1 EDS
Unique reflections	107826 (10678)	phenix_table1
Multiplicity	2.0 (2.0)	phenix_table1
< I/σ(I) >	15.53 (2.43)	Xtrriage
CC1/2	1 (0.903)	phenix_table1
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	9.6	Xtrriage
Rmerge	0.0217 (0.221)	phenix_table1
Rmeas	0.0307 (0.313)	phenix_table1
Rpim	0.0217 (0.221)	phenix_table1
Anisotropy	0.434	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent ksol(e/ Å <sup>3</sup> ), Bsol(Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.40 , 44.5	EDS
L-test for twinning	<  L  > = 0.49, < L2 > = 0.33	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report	Xtrriage
Fo,Fc correlation	0.97	EDS
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.11.1_2,57,5)	Depositor
R, Rfree	0.170 (0.271), 0.183 (0.279) 0.171 , 0.182	phenix_table1 DCC
Rfree test set	5463 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDI3-VP
Total number of atoms	4545	wwPDI3-VP
Ramachandran favored (%)	97.86	phenix_table1
Ramachandran allowed (%)	2.14	phenix_table1
Ramachandran outliers (%)	0.00	phenix_table1
Rotamer outliers (%)	0.00	phenix_table1
RMS bonds, angles	0.008, 1.28	phenix_table1
Clashscore	2.83	phenix_table1
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.0 14.2	wwPDI3-VP phenix_table1
Average B, macromolecules	11.6	phenix_table1
Average B, ligands	50.1	phenix_table1
Average B, solvent	25.6	phenix_table1

**SI Table 3: Quantitative comparison of 14-3-3 binding motifs.** The analyzed structures are grouped based on the subpanels of Figure 4 and the peptide sequences were aligned via the phosphorylated residue of the binding motifs (position 0). The complete structures (14-3-3 protein and interaction partner) were aligned via the C $\alpha$  atoms of the residues and the distances of corresponding amino acids were measured using the “Structural alignment – Gesamt” tool of the CCP4i2 suite. Due to the considerably different conformations of the peptides, the software aligned position +3 of 6F09 with position +4 of the reference structure (6HEO- I $\kappa$ B $\alpha$ ) and position +4 of 5N6N0 with the position +5 of 6HEO (new positions are indicated in parentheses).

PDB ID\ position	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	
<b>reference</b>	<b>Sequence</b>									
<b>6Y1J</b>			GLY	SEP	GLU	PRO	TRP	LYS	GLN	
<b>model</b>										
<b>Figure 4A</b>	6QZR	ARG	SER	CYS	TPO	PRO	LEU	PRO		
<b>Figure 4B</b>	6F09			TYR	SEP	SER	PRO	-	ASP	ILE (+4)
								(+3)		
	1O9F	GLN	SER	TYR	TPO	VAL				
	3E6Y	GLN	SER	TYR	TPO	VAL				
<b>Figure 4C</b>	5ULO		SER	PRO	SEP	PHE				
	4DAU		ALA	MET	SEP	PHE	GLN	SER		
<b>Figure 4D</b>	5N6N	ARG	ARG	GLY	SEP	GLU	ASP	ASP	-	THR (+4)
<b>Figure 4E</b>	6GKF	TYR	ASP	LEU	SEP	LEU	PRO	PHE	PRO	
	3UAL	ARG	SER	PHE	SEP	GLU	PRO	PHE	GLY	
	<b>Distance (Å)</b>									
<b>Figure 4A</b>	6QZR		0.51	<b>0.53</b>	0.71	2.41	3.07			
<b>Figure 4B</b>	6F09		0.50	<b>0.25</b>	0.26	0.79	-	2.81	1.58	
	1O9F		0.67	<b>0.71</b>	1.44					
	3E6Y		0.60	<b>0.72</b>	1.14					
<b>Figure 4C</b>	5ULO		0.91	<b>0.56</b>	0.63					
	4DAU		0.52	<b>0.38</b>	0.37	0.42				
<b>Figure 4D</b>	5N6N		1.48	<b>0.80</b>	0.81	3.09	2.64	-	1.58	
<b>Figure 4E</b>	6GKF		1.36	<b>0.50</b>	0.81	1.61	2.63			
	3UAL		0.36	<b>0.22</b>	0.33	0.96	1.53	2.96		



**SI Figure 3: LC-MS analysis of the in-house synthesized and purified peptides.**



**SI Figure 4: QTOF measurements of the purified 14-3-3 isoforms.** The purity of the chromatogram (left panel) was taken as indication for the purity of the protein. The mass over



charge distributions corresponding to the peak(s) in the chromatogram were deconvoluted to a single mass using the the MaxEnt1 function of the MassLynx MS Software. Settings were chosen in the following way: the output mass range is shown on the x-axis, resolution was set to 0.1 Da/channel; a simulated isotope pattern model was used as damage model, while the blur width was determined via the peak width at half the of the peak height of the most abundant peak; the deconvolution was iterated until convergence and the mock results were compared with the initial mass spectra to ensure success of the deconvolution.